EXAMPLES OF THE DIFFERENT WAYS IN WHICH THE HEBREW LETTER IN CHES / CHET WAS WITHERED /CHANGED IN THE COURSE OF THE TOWER OF BABEL EVENT

A document describing many of the ways in which the Hebrew letter n CHES/ CHET was changed into a different sound or consonant within the Hebrew word transformation phenomena of the Tower of Babel of Babel language invention event – Including mostly English words beginning in the letters – C – K – S – G – J – CH – W / V – SH - H – as well as the lenition [softening] of the CHES into a vowel sound – e.g. חולה kholeh [sick] into Eng. III and ail - חוט khut [thread, line] to GUT

This document also demonstrates that the CHES/ CHET was transformed into the peculiar element - THR - which also eventually yielded words featuring the elements TR - DR - and STR - [see also my entry that demonstrates the transformations of the CHES into the labial letters F - P - V - W - and B] - E.g. UII khut [thread, line] to THREAD

With regard to the manners in which Hebrew words were transformed into words of the European languages - The Hebrew letter π ches was withered or modified in a number of ways. In the majority of cases of ches transformation – the π ches was changed or withered into phonetically related sounds. Let me presently now briefly a listing of a few of the transformation types –

() The change of the π ches into a hard G yielded the following words - among others

- הוט thread, line Into gut & Span. Guita string¹
- התול cat Into gato Spanish cat
- dig Into gopher an animal that digs burrows
- הרט הוא to regret Into re gret
- - סט הויק out Into giesse Ger. pour out
- הד Happy Into gaudeo Lat. glad, joyful
- שמח happy into smug

2B

¹ Whence guitar, a stringed instrument

- חסה gusset
- שוח say Ger. sagen [say]
- הזה look gaze
- חלק portion > Ger. Gluck [luck, one's fated lot]

() The change of the T ches into a K a or a hard C yielded the following words - among others

- חוץ out Into coat, coating
- - אחד one Into cada Spanish each
- הום heat Cauma Lat. heat
- Cat Cat
- הוץ out Coast an outer border
- הרך crack, lattice Crack
- הוץ out outer Cutis Lat. skin
- הד one cuddle
- חלף cliff²
- הרך crack
- הדש cadet
- חלק clock [divides the day into hours etc.]

() The change of the π ches into an H yielded the following words - among others

- הלל Hollow Into hollow
- Hurry Into haste
- - Therm, nice into Hansome handsome
- הרשה thicket, wooded area- Hurst thicket, wooded area, grove
- חד one huddle
- π hide, haut [skin is the outer part of the animal]
- הציר grazing into heather

() The change of the ches into an A or other vowel sound yielded the following words - among others

- חדר Room, chamber Into atrium chamber & Grk. edra
- הזר Return, repeat Lat. iterum again, once more
- הליל Hollow & flute Aulos Grk. hollow tube, pipe
- הוג Circle, globe Egg
- סוו Out Out, oust & Ger. aus [out]
- Dut Lat. uter skin, animal skin bag skin is the outer wall or layer
- הולה ill ill and ail[ment]

² In a ches to S withering pattern, חלף became – slope

- חרש – artisan

- Eve, Eva

- angina, angst – Ger. Eng [tightly, narrowly]

- () The change of the ches into an CH / TSH sound yielded the following words among others
- -
- הנק Choke Chock full
- חנק Choke choke
- הקר examine Chequer Fr. to check
- הסה protect, refuge, Chaste protecting/ guarding one's morals
- הטא Sin cheat
- הזה Chest [anat.] Chest [anat.]
- חלק part chunk
- הלק smooth chalk
- הזה see, pick out choose
- לחם battle Span. Luchar [battle, struggle]
- הפר dig chafer

Ches to a S sound -

הלף change – slope, slump

הלף change, exchange - swap

sense - sense הוש

stop - stall חדל

הלק – smooth – slick, sleek, silk, Lat. sericum

- חלק – piece, cutting - slice

הנק – choke – snug, snuggle

slimy - slimy

ווח Noah³ – Roman Dio-nysus - equivalent of Grk. Bachus a god of wine⁴

a-khar - later – Lat. sera late

³ First person mentioned as drunk from wine

⁴ Apud Numen dictionary A Nysus was the tutor of Bachus

seal - stamp התם beat - swat

Ches to SH 5

piece, cutting – Ger. stuck [shtook] [a piece, a cut of]

sand – shoal is a sandbar – shallow is water not deep, that you can still see the sand underneath

means out - to shoot is to out - via Ger. schiessen [shoot]

זה nice, good, pretty - Ger. schon

sin – Ger. schuld is – guilt

to decide quickly, conclude, act irrevocably – Ger. scheissen, schloss [to lock, to decide conclusively]

חרג to leap, fall back – to shrink [move back]

חרף means sharp – to – sharp

And in a case involving mild metathesis - חרד tremble – to shudder

to see, show - to guise

Ches to J or soft G

- jig

- jut, jettison, jet

- Lat. jacere thrust

jalopy - חלף

- [overgrown, crowded] jungle

- genial הן

Let me show you also a few examples of the Ches to W transformation -

⁵ This also occurred even in Hebrew to Aramaic – Cf. שנק חנק [choke] - שלק חלק (dissect] among others.

הטה wheat - to Wheat

sharp – to Whet and to whittle i.e. to sharpen

heat - to Warm

חן nice, pleasant, delightful - to Old English Wynn,[delight] & Eng. Winsome

wealth, strength – to Old Eng. Wela and Eng. Weal = wealth

הוה Chava [Eve} wife of Adam the first man – who was created by G-d. – to Eng. Wife, Ger. Weib [wife]

שה base denoting 'one' – base of יחד one - יחד together, as one – יחיד – alone, single – to Wed [unite two people – a man and a woman - as one in marriage]

return, repeat - to German wieder [again] הזר

world to Ger. welt, velt] whence Eng. world

And also -

base denoting 'one' – base of הד one - יחי' together, as one – יחי' – alone, single – that yielded the word – Wad a uniting of many individual dollar bills into a single unit – Also with the word – to wed = to unite husband and wife in marriage

- OK so by now you may have gotten the picture to the effect that G-d transformed developed the new language's words out of Hebrew words within the Tower of Babel event and that G-d changed the Hebrew ches in a number of different ways at that point. And you can indeed find in my ches word list on pg... more than twenty five hundred words of English Latin- Greek French Spanish and of the Germanic semitic and Slavic languages Tower of Babel conceivable derivatives of biblical Hebrew words with many more than a thousand of those conceivable Hebrew derivatives being obvious or very probable Hebrew word derivatives, in my humble opinion.
- But now I would like to reveal one of the other methods by which G-d changed the ches in the tower of Babel event – namely His transformation of the ches into a THR sound. Now to the best of my knowledge this ches to THR method does not follow any phonetic connection pattern – but my ches word list features more than fifty specimens of it – and I am going to provide now with many word pair examples of it – so that you will be able to know right now that it is real and actual – And then at that point I am going to reveal to you yet another fascinating Hebrew word secret.
- Our list of THR words is as follows –

- חוץ Out –THRust
- חוץ Out THResh
- הוט thread, line THRead
- הת fear, terror THReat- also terror
- הזה chest [anat.] Grk. THoRax chest also torso
- הוה village OE THoRp village

heat, warm – Greek THeRme = heat

pang – THRill – חיל

- closed handful – THRift

-Out Grk. THyRaze - ThyRasi - out - outdoors

הנק – choke – Eng. to throng

dream – [en] THRall – hold in a spell

And it seems to me apparent as well that with the passage of time some of the original THR tower of Babel derivative terms were streamlined or smoothened into TR words. Consider, for example -

globe – Lat. TRochiscus ball, pill

הד sharp – TaRt

- דוסה – trust, seek refuge, rely upon – TRust – also TRuss

דסה – trust, seek refuge, rely upon – TRue – Troth

chest [anat.] – ToRso

gathering, collection – TReasure

gathering, collection – TRousseau

covering – TaRp

sense – trance

א הטה wheat – Lat. TRiti-cum = wheat

- סווץ Out Trash
- חנך educate Train
- הגו crevice Anc. Grk. trogle = hole, crevice

And there are also a few of these wherein an S was prefixed to the resultant word

- חנק choke – sTRanGle street – Ger. strasse & Eng. street הוצה straggle – straggle threat – strike fear – Pol. Straszych [threaten] הת threat – strike fear - startle נות - thread, line – strand

strut – הוץ

BUT struggle is from טרה

And it seems to me apparent as well that with the passage of time some of the original THR tower of Babel derivative terms were streamlined or smoothened instead into DR words. Consider, for example -

- דוט Thread, line Ger. DRaht thread
- -
- הפה Covering DRape

Out - DRoss - stuff put out of the purified material

הת Fear – DRead

-village – Ger. DoRf -village

אדי Arrow, dart – DaRt

obligate, force – DriVe, & Ger. Treib

whofesh freedom – Lat. Drapetas – runaway slave, fugitive

And it seems that this ches to TR phenomenon occurred even within Aramaic as well – because we have –

to protect, to seek refuge - - תרס protection, shield

And perhaps also -

which means holiday – and which especially refers to the Sukkot holiday – and the word Ethrog אתרוג

And for those of you who are familiar with the idiom - straight as an arrow – there is π [arrow] and Aramaic π π that means straight – and that is the base of the word π an answer that straightens out a difficulty

Also a few Dutch Hebrew Ches derivatives that begin with a G that is pronounced as a ches –KH הבר khaveir [friend, mate] > gabber [khaber] friend, mate whith khush [sense] > gissen [khiss-en] guess khochom [wise] > goochem [khookhem] smart fun khutz [out] > goot [khoot] gutter, drain fun khoreid [shudder] > griezelen [khreez-len] shudder fun khein [favor, charm] > gunst [khunst] favor fun khutz [out] > gutsen [khutzen] gush kholaf > change – golven [kholven] undulate, wavejwwww sakin knife

But another ches derivative – one that I didn't mention earlier – is the Ches to W transformation Let me show you now a few examples of this Ches to W transformation –

אטה wheat – to Wheat sharp – to Whet and to whittle i.e. to sharpen הם heat - to Warm

nice, pleasant, delightful - to Old English Wynn,[delight] & Eng. Winsome

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And there is also the phenomenon of a combined πr element transformed into a WR element – for example –

- shudder, tremble – to WRithe

stylus - ancient writing./ engraving tool - to WRite

items strung together – to Wreath

הרי anger, wrath – to Wrath

שרש – artisan – to Eng. Wright [an artisan]

-black - to Eng. swarthy, Ger. Schwarz

Now - there is a biblical word הרש kheress that means earthenware - which is as I mentioned -

My Comprehensive Ches word derivatives chart also features examples of the Ches transformations into the Letters F - P - V - B - R - X - Q

You will find yet other types of ches transformations in my Comprehensive Ches document